(LIVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2699.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1798.

PARIS, *July* 22.

A REPORT prevails here, that according to letters arrived at Grenoble from Marseilles, there has been an engagement between the fleet commanded by admiral Bruveis, and that commanded by rear-admiral Nelson. These letters state, that the engagement took place not far from Malta; that two of the English ships were sunk, and four taken, and that Nelson's squadron is diminished three fourths. [L'Echo de la Rep. Fr.]

It is almost certain that the courier who arrived lately from Constantinople, has come to demand some explanation respecting the destination of our fleet in the Mediterranean. The Ottoman ambassador had a few days ago a conference with the minister for foreign affairs.

Mr. Gerry the American envoy, is still at Paris. We can therefore entertain some hope, that the rupture with the United States of America may be prevented.

People here have for some time flattered themselves with the hopes of seeing Poland rise once more from its ruins. Kosciusko receives at Paris every testimony of esteem and respect.

July 26.

Letters from Toulon dated the 1st say, that admiral Nelson was seen at Syracuse only on the 29th of Prairial, and not on the 25th. A report prevails that Buonaparte has arrived at the place of destination.

It is said that a cutter, called le Lodi, going to Malta, having on board Tallien, has been taken by the British.

LONDON, *July* 3.

A letter from Egypt, dated Alexandria, 1st Floreal, states, there have arrived here from Constantinople several Greeks, accompanied by several Frenchmen, in the uniform of engineers. They have the orders of the grand signior that they should be furnished with every thing they should require for a French squadron and troops which were to land in the Porte, and which after having remained there for some time, are to re-embark and proceed for Aleppo. Several other Frenchmen are here besides, to prepare for the reception of their countrymen, and to form magazines for the army, which it is said will consist of 60,000 men. A firman of the grand signior gives orders that the French should be furnished with every thing they want on paying for it. The French who are here have agents who collect every possible information relative to the isthmus of Suez, and the navigation of the Red Sea. They are likewise to inquire whether the English have any ships in the Persian Gulph.

Buonaparte is said to had written on his departure from Malta to the viceroy of Sicily, informing him that if he admits any English ships into the ports of that island, such admission will be deemed a declaration of war by the king of Naples against France.

The French found 4,500 Turks in Malta, whom they immediately set at liberty.

August 6.

Government, we understand, have received advices from lord Macartney, by the ships lately arrived from India, which state that the French have, for some time past, been purchasing all the ships which they could procure in the Red Sea; and ministers it is now said, are convinced that the object of Buonaparte's expedition is the East-Indies.

PORTSMOUTH, (N. H.) *September* 15.

The fever, as a local affection, is as yet principally confined to those streets in which it commenced its desolating career. Some have removed from thence, returned again, and are now its victims; those who are out of town would do well not to return while even one solitary case exists in that quarter: it is not impossible that the secret principal of contagion may resist every atmospheric affection, accepting a severe frost: at least, it will be prudent not to populate the present deserted houses in those streets, until a fortnight's total cessation of the fever, shall prove that it has actually ceased to be: otherways a multiplication of new cases may be the fatal consequence, and however mild its present symtoms are, there is enough of malignancy still left, to demand extreme caution.

SALEM, *September* 18.

FRIGATE SUBSCRIPTION.

We have the pleasure to notice, that several of the subscribers for building a ship of war in this town have lately come forward again, and doubled the first subscriptions: and we are told they are ready to make still further additions, should it be necessary, such expressions of love of country deserve public acknowledgement.

The American ship Josiah Collins, Blair, from Liverpool for New-York, put into Ribadeus in distress; could not obtain permission to land his cargo, (consisting of slate stone) and to repair his ship; neither could he get from the port, as three French boats with 20 men each, were fitted out to capture him for having English stones on board.

Condemned—ship John and James, of Philadelphia, ship Albany, of Hudson, brig Farmer, of New-York, brig Franklin, of Wilmington.

A number of Danish, Hamburg and Swedish vessels had been carried in and condemned, among which was the Danish brig Anna, from St. Thomas's to Altona.

The Newbury-Port ship of war, building by subscription, will be launched we expect, by the 7th October. If so, her construction will be one of the most brilliant instances of nautical enterprise and exertion, in the annals of any country.—We hope, for the honour of Boston, that she will not be afloat before the frame of our patriotic ship is erected.

PORTLAND, *September* 12.

Sunday arrived brig Juno, captain Joseph Titcomb, 23 days from St. Croix. On his passage home was boarded by a French privateer, and had six Americans put on board his vessel, belonging to the ship North-America, Barnes, from St. Kitts to Philadelphia, which the Frenchmen had captured the day before. The privater had also taken several other American vessels.—Capt. T. Spoke the Jamaica fleet.

BOSTON, *September* 14.

Captain Motley, late of the ship Rein Deer, arrived at Portland, on Friday last from Guadeloupe captain M's ship made a show of 20 guns, 19 of which were of wood. She was bound to Martiniqoe; and when nearly in sight of the island, was taken in with by a French privateer. On drawing near, the arch pirate called out that he knew it was an American vessel, and that if a single gun was fired, he would murder every person on board, captain M. answered, that his wanting guns was his only reason for not using them. The Rein Deer was conducted into Guadaloupe, and instantly condemned. Hughes said, if Le Croyable was condemned, he would imprison every American in his island. A Boston schooner bound into Guadaloupe, was taken while entering. She had cleared from America June 30. The French knew of the non intercourse bill, and therefore said, she was not bound to Guadaloupe, indicating that no American would evade the law in such way.

Naval Rencontre.

There has been an embargo on all the shipping at Teneriffe, which took place on the 8th of July, and was taken off on the 9th of August—It was occasioned by the arrival of two Spanish Indiamen, which had been convoyed by two French frigates—About the 16th of July, a small English frigate run down the port of Santa Cruz and fired a gun.—The two French frigates, lying in the harbour slipt their cables, and gave chase. About ten P. M. one of the frigates got within gun shot of the English vessel, and began to fire. The Englishman finding himself so much inferior, made the best of his way to keep clear of them, and keep his stern chaces going continually, and had the good fortune to cut away the Frenchman's foremast, about ten feet above deck, which carried away his bowsprit, six feet from the bows. The fore-mast going above the board carried away main and mizen-masts, and fourteen men which were on the fore-top. The English vessel got off clear, and received no damage, the second lieutenant had his legs shot off—seven day after the action the French wreck with the other frigate, arrived in the the harbour of Teneriffe, and a pretty sight to be hold.

Since the engagement, the English vessel meeting another, returned, and sent a challenge to the Frenchmen to come and pay them a visit, but they took care to remain in the harbour.

Volcano at Teneriffe.

By the arrival of the Nancy, at this port, from Teneriffe, we have received the following account of a volcano, having broke out, on the west part of the Peak of Teneriffe—About the 12th or 13th of June, a great noise, like that of thunder, was heard all over the island, and when it ceased, we discovered the irruption of a great quantity of fire and smoke, vomiting sulphur, large rocks and black sand, which raised in the air, and spreaded over the whole island.—It continued burning the 17th of August, which day the vessel left the island. The noise occasioned by this volcano, caused a great consternation among the people of the island. (N. York Daily Ad.)

Malta.

The French make merry at the conquest of Malta. It must be remembered that Malta was a neutral power; that it had never joined the combined powers, in repelling the *French*: and, of course, that the attack lately made by Buonaparte on it, adds another violation of the sacred law of nations, another instance of treachery, absence, and diabolical ambition to that black catalogue of French wickedness which would cast a shade over the region of *Erebus* and *night*. We know not what government will be established in Malta; but we know the old one, whatever it may be, will be overturned. The demon of degenerate democracy, having great power, is riding on the wings of the wind: and a celebrated French writer, has predicted that "democracy will devour Europe, and having nothing else to feed upon will devour itself." We trust enough of Europe has already been destroyed; and hope the latter of the prophesy will soon be fulfilled.

September 15.

The American consul at the Havanna has purchased of the Spanish government, on account of the United States, an eighteen gun ship, with brass artillery. She is to be commanded by captain Preble, and manned from the American shipping there.

From Gibraltar.

Captain Johnson, from Gibraltar, left there 26th July. At that time no accounts of any action between Nelson and Buonaparte had been received; nor where the fleets were.

The French frigate captured was conjectured to be worth 2,000,000. She has been manned with prime sailors, and sent to England.

NEWPORT, (R. I.) *September* 15.

Arrived here yesterday morning, in 12 days from the Isle of France, the ship Huron, of New-York, Elias Brown, master. June 28, in lat. 35, S. 100 leagues east of the Cape of Good Hope, fell in with the Garland, British frigate, capt. Wood, who took from him 7 of his seamen, stove one of his boats, and detained him 36 hours.—Capt. Brown, during the darkness of the night, assisted by the elements in a rainy sea squall, fortunately made his escape, and has now safely arrived at this port with the other 5 seamen, which are the remainder of his crew. He left at the Isle of France the ship India, of Philadelphia, dismasted, and ship Elizabeth of Boston, capt. Stone.—Sailed the same day, barque Vigilant, captain Harthorn.

Capt. Brown informs, that the national soldiers were all sent off from the Isle of France, but that reports of its being declared independent, are false.

The town council of the town of Newport, feel themselves exceedingly happy, through Divine Providence, to announce to the inhabitants and the public in general, that notwithstanding the many false and scandalous reports to the contrary, which have and are now circulating, that no person or persons in town or the vicinity thereof, are in any way or means inflicted with the contagious disorder, now prevailing in our neighbouring states.

By order of council,

JONATHAN ALMY, town clerk.

ALBANY, *September* 11.

A gentleman from the westward informs us, that the chiefs of the Seven Nations of Canada Indians, of the Six Nations, and the Stockbridge Indians, at a meeting at Buffaloe Creek, received a communication from the Western nation of Indians, who have formerly been at war with the United States, informing them that they determined to abide by the recommendation of commissioners from congress to *sit still* in case of war with France—the meeting at Buffaloe Creek were well pleased with the decision of the Western Indians, and determined to adopt their example.

NEW-YORK, *September* 22.

COMMUNICATION.

By the report it appears that the number of burials in this city for twenty-four hours preceding Wednesday evening amounted to 63, a number considerably greater than took place in Philadelphia the time of their last report. The increased mortality seems to have a connexion with the still cloudy and misty atmosphere which prevailed on Wednesday. This is not a new observation that pestilential distempers are aggravated by fogs and mists. The poisonous matter floating in the atmosphere seems to unite with the particles of water and to acquire thereby additional force. The fact is confirmed by the remarkable rusting of metals observed on the morning of the 20th instant. The writer of this paragraph observed that the iron on the pumps in several parts of this city was remarkably corroded and covered with rust by the mist which had been condensed on them during the night. The quantity of rust was so considerable as to stain the fingers when applied very early in the morning to the smooth and bright pump handles—The fact proves the existence of something highly corrosive in the atmosphere that should eat away the substance of the metal so considerably in the course of a few hours. Should this lowering weather terminate in the annual equinoxial storm with a plentiful fall of rain and fresh gale of wind, it would no doubt tend very much to relieve the distresses of our afflicted city.

September 28.

Extract of a letter from Halifax, dated September 8.

"Admiral Vandeput has suggested the propriety of a convoy being appointed to sail from this port, for England, in spring and fall, and another in mid-summer, if it should be found necessary. If your government were to make application to Mr. Liston, we suppose such a plan would be immediately adopted.—American vessels could be protected to this harbour by your own ships. Please to mention this to the principal ship owners at New-York; they should point out the times that would be most proper for the departure of the convoy from hence—We have written to Philadelphia and Boston on the same subject."

The island of Pentaliria, in the vicinity of which the French frigate La Sensible was taken, is situated in the triangle formed by the southern part of Sicily; the island of Malta and Cape Bon, on the coast of Africa, are about 20 leagues distance from the first point, 15 from the second, and 30 from the last.

The following is a postscript to a letter from the French minister of foreign affairs, M. Talleyrand, dated the 18th of July, to Mr. Gerry, envoy of the United States at Paris.

"P. S. 17 Messidor, (July 15)—A circumstance of infinite importance has retarded this letter. I know not how it is, but at every step towards a reconciliation some cause of irritation intervenes, and that always originates in the United States. Some days ago, advices have been received by the Executive Directory. It seems that your government, hurried beyond all bounds, no longer keeps up appearances. A law of the 7th of last month authorises it to cause to be attacked every French ship of war which shall have arrested or entertained intentions of arresting American vessels. A resolution of the house of representatives suspends, from the 13th of this month, all commercial relations with the French republic and its dependencies. Several projects of laws have been proposed for banishing the French and sequestering French property. The long suffering of the Directory is about to shew itself in a manner not to be called in question. Perfidy can never throw a veil over the pacific dispositions which it has never ceased to manifest. It is even at the moment of this new provocation, when it would seem to have no honourable choice but that of war, that it confirms the assurances I have given you on its behalf. In the present crisis it confines itself to a measure of security and preservation, by putting a temporary embargo on American vessels, with a reserve of indemnity if it takes place. It is still ready, it is as much prepared as ever to terminate by a sincere negotiation the differences which subsist between the two countries. Such is its repugnance to consider the United States as enemies, that in spite of their hostile demonstrations, it means to wait till it be irresistibly forced by real hostilities.

Since you incline to depart, hasten at least, Sir, to transmit to your government this solemn declaration.

(Signed) CH. M. TALEYRAND.

CHARLESTON, *August* 30.

The following information was given to captain Doane, by the gentleman who acts as American consul at the Havanna. Two days before he sailed, a French sloop, a privateer, arrived at the Havanna, from a cruise, having on board fourteen American sailors, which the captain detained on board as prisoners; as soon as the consul was informed of it, he made application to the governor of the Havanna, to have them released; his answer was, that he could not interfere in the affair, as he had no instructions on the subject. These men were detained on board of the sloop, when captain Doane left the Havanna.

September 4.

We are informed that the brig Eliza, captain ——, from this port, has been taken by a French privateer, carried into St. Eustatia, and burnt.

Extract of a letter from the captain of a vessel belonging to this port, dated Havanna, 19th ultimo.

"We have been boarded by two British privateers near the Bahama Banks, they treated us very politely, and after overhauling us, dismissed us—we were also boarded off the Matanees, by a French privateer, or rather pirate; they rummaged, broke and plundered a number of things, money and cloaths, and beat my mate, and I expected nothing else but they would have murdered all hands; they hove a rope to the yard arm, and fixed it round a negro's neck to hang him, but after I pleaded with them some time, they let him go. What they could not well carry off they threw overboard, but not the cargo; after exercising the cruelty of demons for 22 hours, they left us."

September 7.

Mr. Timothy,

While I was in St. Bartholmews, the fishing boats brought in an account of an action fought between a French privateer mounting 12 carriage guns and 120 men, and the schooner Teazer, Charles O'Bryan, master, mounting, 8 guns, and 80 men. The action commenced by lashing both vessels together, and the privateer was captured by the Teazer without firing gun or pistol; (yet the sea was covered with blood and dead bodies) and carried into St. Kitts, on the 24th or 25th of July, '98.

Janis Woodward

Annapolis, October 4.

By a list of donations, published in Brown's Philadelphia Gazette, it appears that one hundred dollars have been received from Messrs. Wignell and Reinagle.

TO THE PRINTERS.

IT frequently happens that unfriendly men are too ready to publish every thing that tends to disgrace the professors of the Christian religion: an instance of which I have lately seen in a New-York paper, in which we have an account of the conduct of two men, said to be Methodist ministers; as to their conduct I know nothing, but do not believe that they were Methodist ministers, for none are Methodist ministers but those who are taken into connexion, and ordained in the Methodist church, and their names entered in the minutes of conference. But these men never were taken into connexion, nor ordained, as the minutes will shew, therefore they never were Methodist ministers. But admit they were, I cannot conceive that it would answer any good end to publish the names and professions of all the defective ministers that have been in the different churches in Christendom; for men of information know already that the best churches, and also the best families, have to lament the bad conduct of some of their connexions; but he must be a man of small sensibility that could injure the character and feelings of the whole for the bad conduct of a few. And with respect to the ministers it is well known, that when bad men are found among them, they either reform them, or put them away from them, and I may venture to say, that there are few churches more laborious and useful in reforming mankind than the Methodist. And I also conceive that the person who has endeavoured to injure the Methodist character, has only given a proof that his prejudice is an over balance for his good sense and delicate feelings.

A FRIEND.

For the MARYLAND GAZETTE.

PERCEIVING that some of the friends of Mr. Sprigg have taken umbrage at the epithet of Cat's-paw, attached to his name for want of due information of the circumstances that gave rise to said appellation; in order to do away said umbrage, and the seeming personality attached to the opprobium of said epithet, they are referred to a publication written by Mr. Hopkinson of Philadelphia, the noted author of the patriotic song called Hail Columbia, under the signature of Theatricus, wherein is personated Mr. Giles, in the character of the Deserter, and Mr. Sprigg as acting the character of Cat's-paw to perfection; which publication had the effect of causing Mr. Sprigg to be pointed at accordingly, as the affidavits of gentlemen of respectability can testify; and the circumstance that gave rise to said farcical publication originated thus: Our president having sent his message to congress, informing them that all hope of accomodation with France was at an end, Mr. Sprigg, it is well known, flew in the face of said message, and answered it, in the proffer of what went by the name of Sprigg's Resolution; and the fact is, that the purport of said resolution was offered upon the table of the Pennsylvania state legislature in the time of its last session, where it met with its deserved fate, by being kicked under the table. The purport of the same resolution was afterwards cooked up and hashed anew, and Mr. Sprigg had the honour of serving it up on the table of congress, and the farcical manner in which our delegate offered it gave occasion to the farcical publication above alluded to. But the resolution smelt so strong of the French ragout, that not a nose of the federal side of the house would even smell to it. But to do a justice to our delegate, neither myself, nor Mr. Thomas or his friends, attribute corrupt motives to the conduct of Mr. Sprigg, but that the easiness of his nature suffered him to be misled. For it is not to be supposed that the measures of government have been so uniformly wrong that can justify the uniformity of our delegate's known oppositions. And when we come to reflect upon this momentous consideration, that (independent of Providential interference,) the fate of our nation depends upon the conduct of its representatives, and that a casting vote may seal its destiny, we ought to pause seriously before we determine who is the proper man to represent us, and that our remissness in this respect may bring about an era of our obliteration from the chart of nations; and that our vigilance may conduct us to an empire of federal greatness, becoming equally the glory and envy of the world, is the wish of

MEDICUS RUSTICANUS.

NOTICE.

The subscriber intends removing to Baltimore this fall, and in consequence of which OFFERS, at PUBLIC SALE for READY CASH, on the third Monday in November next,

ALL his LOTS, with the improvements thereon, situate in Port-Tobacco-town, Charles county, now under rent for one hundred and seventy-seven pounds ten shillings per year; also several likely country born negroes, which have no claim to freedom; also a quantity of stock, among which are several very large Ayrs, sheep, &c. &c. The sale to commence precisely at one o'clock, at Mr. JOSEPH M. SIMMS, one of the tenants. It is requested that the creditors of the subscriber will attend the sale; also those who are indebted are hereby requested to come forward immediately and settle their respective accounts, or they will be dealt with according to law, as no further indulgence can or will be given.

CHARLES MANKIN.

September 27, 1798.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency in my favour.

THOMAS HARWOOD, Jun.

FOR SALE,

On Tuesday the 30th of October, if fair, if not the first fair day,

THAT valuable FARM, formerly occupied by WILLIAM SELLMAN, deceased, containing about 470 acres of land, situate in Anne-Arundel county, on Elk-Ridge, about one mile from Messrs. Owings and Paul's mill, and four from Mr. Richard Owings upper mill; the soil is well adapted to the production of tobacco, Indian corn, wheat, and other small grain; there are now thirty bushels seeded on said place; the land is remarkably well watered, has a sufficiency of meadow, and abounds with heavy timber of every kind; the improvements consist of a comfortable dwelling house, kitchen, meat house, corn house, stables, barn, &c. there are also two excellent apple orchards, and a variety of other choice fruit trees. The terms are, one half of the purchase money payable on the first day of January, 1799, and the remaining half on the first day of January, 1800. Any person inclinable to purchase may view the land, by applying to REZIN SHIPLEY, on the premises, or the subscriber, who also offers for sale, on the above day, the stock of cattle and sheep, some household furniture, and plantation utensils. The sale to begin at eleven o'clock.

THOMAS SELLMAN.

September 28, 1798.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* to me directed from the general court, will be EXPOSED to SALE, in the city of Annapolis, on Tuesday the 23d day of October, instant,

A LARGE commodious brick dwelling house and stables; said property is taken as the property of JOHN WILMOT, and sold to satisfy a debt due MARY BOYLE.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

October 3, 1798.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the next general assembly of Maryland for the benefit of an act of insolvency, to release me from debts which I am unable to pay.

ENOS DUVALL FERGUSON.

Prince-George's county, October 1, 1798.

CAME to the subscriber's plantation, about the 10th of May last, a trespassing stray, a small yellow bay MARE, about five years old, thirteen hands high, has a star in her forehead, is a natural trotter, and has a long Yorkshire bob. The owner is desired to prove property, and pay charges.

JOHN RIDGELY, Living near major Snowden's forge, Anne-Arundel county.

For SALE,

A PLANTATION, twelve miles from Baltimore city, and four and a half from Elk-Ridge Landing, in a very healthy situation, pleasantly situated on the Federal and Annapolis roads to George-town and Frederick, there are 300 acres, more or less, a very good apple orchard, of the best of fruit, that makes about 2000 gallons of cider yearly, as also most other kinds of fruit, abundance of fine peaches, pears, damsens, plumbs, quinces, a variety of cherries, &c. a timothy meadow, well set in grass, produces from 20 to 25 tunn of hay a year. A small dwelling house, stable for twelve horses, cider house, corn loft, and a small house for negroes; it is laid out in five fields, and 30 bushels of wheat and rye sown, in good repair, and under good fences, a spring of excellent water in each field; there are one hundred and forty acres of woodland, of various kinds of timber, very thriving timber. An indisputable title will be given. There are on the place four negro men and one woman, all young, four horses, and a good stock of cattle. If the purchaser chuses may have them with the place on hire or sale, with all the plantation utensils; upon paying of one third of the purchase money a credit will be given from one to ten years for the balance, on given bond with security, and paying the interest yearly punctually. Any person wanting further information please to apply to RICHARD RIDGELY, Esq; of the city of Annapolis.

PATRICK MACGILL.

August 12, 1798.

Will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Wednesday the 11th of October next,

SEVERAL tracts of LAND, all adjoining, situate in William and Mary parish, in Charles county, containing in the whole about eleven hundred acres; the lands are level, the greatest part fertile, and well adapted to the culture of Indian corn, wheat, and tobacco; about two hundred acres are in wood. An inconsiderable part of the purchase money will be required in hand, and for the balance a long credit will be given. The terms of sale will be more particularly made known on the day of sale. If any persons should be desirous of contracting for the said land, at private sale, they may be informed of the terms by applying to JOHN CAMPBELL, Esq; who is authorised by me to dispose of the lands.

GEORGE DENT, of WILLIAM.

September 18, 1798.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency, to discharge me from debts which I am unable to pay.

FREDERICK KOONES.

September 4, 1798.

FOR THE CURE OF
COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMAS AND CONSUMPTIONS.

Dr. Church's Cough Drops,

Is a medicine unequalled by any in the world, prepared (only) by the inventor and sole proprietor,

DR. CHURCH, FROM LONDON,

At his medicine Office, No. 1, South Third-street, (next Market) Philadelphia,

And at his house New-York.

The following cases are subjoined as proofs of its efficacy, selected from a number amounting to upwards of ONE THOUSAND!

AFFIDAVIT.

Jacob Macpherson of Paternoster Row, Spital-fields, voluntarily maketh oath before me, that he was grievously afflicted with a violent cough, shortness of breath, pain in his breast, loss of appetite, night sweats, and constantly expectorated a very considerable quantity of glutinous matter, could not go to rest on account of the difficulty of breathing, but used to be propped up in his bed by pillows—that he laboured under this afflicting malady for upwards of eight years; his constitution was emaciated to an alarming degree, and his body greatly wasted and fallen away—that after having the advice of many medical gentlemen, without receiving any essential relief, he applied to Dr. James Church, Finsbury Square, and by taking his medicine, called Church's Cough Drops, and attending to his advice he is now restored to perfect health, nor has he a single sympton of his disorder remaining.

JACOB MACPHERSON.

Sworn before me at the Manshon-house, London, this 10th day of April, 1797.

BROOK WATSON, Mayor.

Letter from Baron Montrose, Esq; Devonshire-street, Portland place, London, addressed to Dr. Church.

Dear Sir,

As you think the publication of my case may tend to your good, I cheerfully consent to your making use of it, out of respect to you, as well for the benefit of mankind, as I think it cannot be too universally known, in the year 1779 I caught a severe cold, which settled upon my lungs—this brought on a violent cough, pain, and tightness across my breasts, and shortness of breath. I used to expectorate a frothy, though latter a quantity of glutinous matter, which owing to the violence of the cough, used sometimes to be mixed with blood. I have had the advice of some of the first physicians in England, whose prescriptions afforded me little more than temporary relief. In consequence of hearing that col. Glover, of Portland place, had been astonishingly relieved by taking your cough drops, I was induced (having before an aversion to advertised remedies) to give your medicine a fair trial and am happy to make known to the world, that I am restored to perfect health by taking it, after having suffered a martyrdom for upwards of 16 years.

I am, dear Sir, your's sincerely,

B. MONTROSE.

Devonshire-street, May 6, 1797.
To Dr. Church.

ANOTHER STRONG PROOF,
Of the great and unparalleled efficacy of
DR. CHURCH's COUGH DROPS,
In the cure of
Coughs, Colds, Asthmas and Consumptions.

New York, July 10, 1798.

To DR. CHURCH,

Sir,

For upwards of *twelve years*, I have laboured under a severe cough, shortness of breath, spitting up of matter from my lungs and often of clotted blood, till at length I was so reduced as to be unable to walk across my room, and owing to the violence of my cough and the shortness of my breath, could get no rest day or night. Hearing of your excellent medicine, the Cough Drops, I procured a bottle; I took a dose as soon as I got it, from which I found instantaneous relief, and by continuing it for three days, I bless God I am restored to perfect health. As I believe you to have been the instrument in the hands of Providence of saving my life, I must intreat you to publish this for the benefit of any who may be in my situation, as I am confident it is one of the best medicines in the world for those complaints.

I am, Sir, your grateful servant,

NICHOLAS STAGG,
Little Robinson-street.

CHURCH's COUGH DROPS,

Are prepared and sold by the inventor and sole proprietor, Dr. CHURCH, at his dispensary, Washington-street, New-York, and at his office, No. 1 South Third-street, Philadelphia, and sold by appointment by Messrs. Green's Annapolis.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, beautifully situate on the north side of South-river, about 2½ miles from Annapolis, containing 219½ acres; also for sale, or to let, two unimproved lots, lying on Church-street, opposite to Mr. Wharfe's tavern.

The subscriber also will sell any of his lots or houses, excepting his dwelling-house and store, on Church-street. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by making application to the subscriber, living in Annapolis.

ABSALOM RIDGELY.

September 25, 1798.

By virtue of a decree of the honourable the high court of chancery of Maryland, the subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Friday the 19th of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon,

THAT valuable tract of land called SMITH's DELIGHT, containing 150 acres, the property of SAMUEL MAYNARD, sen. lying in Anne-Arundel county, within about two miles of the Chesapeake Bay, well watered, about twenty acres of it valuable meadow ground; the greatest part of the residue cleared and fit for cultivation. The terms on which the above property is sold are, that the purchaser shall give approved bond, with security, to the trustee, for the payment of the purchase money, with interest, within six months from the day of sale.

SAMUEL MAYNARD, jun. D. T.

September 25, 1798.

By virtue of a decree of the honourable the high court court of chancery of Maryland, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the 3d of November next, if fair, if not the first fair day, on the premises,

A TRACT of LAND, called POVERTY DISCOVERED, late the property of JAMES BEACHWOOD, lying on the road leading from Baltimore to Frederick-town, twenty miles from the former. The terms of sale are, the purchaser or purchasers of the whole, or any part, shall, at his, her, or their election, either pay down the money to the trustee immediately after the sale, or bring the same into this court, or pay it to the trustee immediately after the sale shall have been ratified by the chancellor.

HENRY HOWARD, Trustee.

September 22, 1798.

A MEETING of the SOCIETY of the CINCINNATI will be held at captain Sears's Tavern, in Baltimore, on Monday the 8th day of October next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, agreeable to their last adjournment; the members of said society are earnestly requested to give their attendance.

By order, ROBT. DENNY, Sec'ry.

September 24th, 1798.

THE subscriber wants a person, who can be well recommended for his industry and good conduct, to take the management of a farm and a number of hands, on the south side of Severn river. For such an one liberal wages will be given. A single man will be preferred. FRANCIS T. CLEMENTS.

Annapolis, Sept. 26, 1798.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that from a variety of misfortunes I shall be obliged to apply to the legislature of this state, at their next general assembly, to be held at the city of Annapolis, to relieve me from debts I am unable to pay,

THOMAS EARLE.

Baltimore, 12th Sept. 1798.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the next general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency, to release me from debts which I am unable to pay.

JOSIAS FERGUSON.

Prince George's county, September 21, 1798.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JAMES OWENS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to make them known as speedily as possible, to

NICHOLAS OWENS, }
JAMES OWENS, } Administrators.

September 23, 1798.

Eight Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber's plantation, on the north side of Severn, about five miles from Annapolis, a negro man called HARRY, he is about thirty years of age, 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, strong made, bow legs, and very black complexion; had on an osnabrig shirt, nankeen pantaloons, with strings, coarse cloth short coat, much worn, and coarse hat half worn; he had my leave on Sunday last to go to Annapolis and see his wife, who lives at the college, she has relations living in Prince-George's county, and if he is not lurking about the neighbourhood, it is suspected he is gone that way, or towards Baltimore, he has a sister living there called SUKA or SUKEY, and other relations at Mrs. Lawson's, about three miles from Baltimore, on the turnpike road. I purchased this fellow of Mr. Hammond, at the Iron works. Whoever will take up and secure said fellow, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges if brought home.

J. F. LEFEBVRE.

To be Sold to the highest bidder,

On Saturday the 27th day of October,

At Upper-Marlborough, in Prince-George's county,

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, lying on the road from the Federal City to Upper-Marlborough, about six miles from the former, and ten from the latter, containing about seven hundred acres, a greater part of which is woods, and about seventy acres of good meadow land; the cleared land is in good repair, and is divided into three tenements, with convenient houses for the same; as it is presumed those who wish to purchase will view the said lands before the day of sale, the subscriber deems a farther description unnecessary. The terms are, three hundred pounds in hands and the balance in two equal annual payments. JOHN B. MAGRUDER.

The subscriber OFFERS for SALE the following property, in the city of Annapolis, viz.

THE house in School street, where the subscriber formerly lived, now in possession of Mr. RICHARD OWEN; a house in Church street, formerly occupied as a cabinet-maker's shop, as this lot joins that of the dwelling house it would be very convenient either for a store or office; there are three other small tenements between this shop and Mr. Frazier's house which I will either sell or lease. The whole or any part of this property will be sold low. For terms apply to

ARCHIBALD CHISHOLM.

West River, August 4, 1798.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

June 27, 1798.

NOTICE is hereby given, That by virtue of an act, passed during the present session of congress, so much of the act, entitled, "An act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt"—passed the third day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, as bars from settlement or allowance, certificates, commonly called loan-office and final settlement certificates, and indents of interest, is suspended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

That on the liquidation and settlement of the said certificates, and indents of interest, at the treasury, the creditors will be entitled to receive certificates of funded three per cent. stock equal to the amount of the said indents, and the arrearages of interest due on their said certificates, prior to the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one.

That the principal sums of the said loan-office and final settlement certificates, with the interest thereon, since the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, will be discharged after liquidation at the treasury, by the payment of interest and reimbursement of principal, equal to the sums which would have been payable thereon, if the said certificates had been subscribed, pursuant to the acts making provision for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other sums, equal to the market value of the remaining stock, which would have been created by such subscriptions as aforesaid, which market value will be determined by the comptroller of the treasury.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the treasury.

Philadelphia, June 30th, 1798.

Public notice is hereby given,

PURSUANT to the act of congress, passed on the 12th day of June, 1798, entitled, "An act respecting loan-office and final settlement certificates, indents of interest, and the unfunded or registered debt credited in the books of the treasury."

1st. That on the application of the creditors respectively, or their legal attornies, at any time after the last day of December in the present year, the *principal sums* of the unfunded or registered debt of the United States credited on the books of the treasury, or commissioners of loans, will be reimbursed at the treasury of the United States.

2d. That interest upon the unfunded or registered debts aforesaid will cease from and after the last day of December in the present year.

3d. That the creditors respectively will be entitled on requisition to receive from the proper officers of the treasury, certificates of funded three per cent. stock, equal to the arrearages of interest due on the debts aforesaid prior to the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one.

By order of the board of commissioners of the sinking fund,

EDWARD JONES, Sec'ry.

Eight Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on South river, on the 19th inst. a young black fellow by the name of CHARLES, about five feet six or seven inches high, his cloathing is uncertain, as he took with him more than one suit, but except his coat and shirts, his other cloaths consisted chiefly of nankeen; he had a sister sold by Mr. LEONARD GARY, in George-town, some time last winter, (who also ran away from me) by the name of MOLL, who, some time before she was apprehended, had hired herself to a Mr. JOHN LONG, of George-town. The above described fellow may attempt to get there, or harbour with his father, who is called NED, and is the property and lives at the plantation of Mr. DAVID STEUART, near Mr. JOHN THOMAS's, on the Manor. Whoever apprehends said negro, and brings him home, or secures him in any gaol, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward.

THOMAS PINDLE.

N. B. All masters of vessels, or other persons, are forewarned harbouring or concealing said negro at their peril. T. P.

June 25, 1798.

BACON's LAWS
For SALE.

A FEW copies of Bacon's Abridgement of the laws of Maryland may be had at this office.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

MADE his escape out of Anne-Arundel county gaol, last evening, a negro man by the name of BEN, but commonly calls himself BEN ROGERS, the property of JOHN H. STONE, Esq; he is about 22 or 23 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, and chunky built; his cloathing is a dark short coat, white kersey jacket and breeches, white yarn stockings, and coarse shoes, he has a scar over one of his eyes, and commonly wears his wool plaited. Whoever delivers the said negro at the gaol aforesaid shall be entitled to the above reward instead of ten dollars advertised by John Welch, Esq; paid by

THOMAS W. HEWITT, Gaoler.

September 6, 1798.

I MEAN to petition the next general assembly to pass an act to relieve me from debts which I am unable to pay. JOSHUA GROVES.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition the legislature of Maryland, at their next session, for an act of insolvency.

BEN. MARSHALL, jun.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the inhabitants of that part of Anne-Arundel county called The North Side of Severn, intend to petition the next general assembly of Maryland for a law to ascertain what are the public roads of said district, and to lay them out for the benefit of the public in general.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition the legislature of Maryland, at their next session, for an act of insolvency.

THOMAS MARSHALL.

Charles county, September 15, 1798.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the legislature of Maryland, at their next session, for an act of insolvency.

CLEON CLEMENTS.

September 11, 1798.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly for an act, authorising the levy court for Saint-Mary's county to assess annually a sum of money for the maintenance and support of my son, James Flower, who is entirely deprived of his intellects.

JOSEPH FLOWER.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency, to discharge me from debts which I am unable to pay.

B. CAWOOD.

September 4, 1798.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly for an act of insolvency.

HENRY CRIST.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the next general assembly for an act to relieve me from debts I am at present unable wholly to pay; the mode of relief is repugnant to my wishes, but necessity compels me to it.

WILLIAM C. BITHRAY.

Annapolis, September 12, 1798.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends preferring a petition to the general assembly of the State of Maryland, at the next session, for an act of insolvency.

J. A. CORRY.

Charles county, September 10, 1798.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the next general assembly for an act to relieve me from debts I am unable to pay.

JOHN RIGBY.

Montgomery county, August 28, 1798.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Monday the 15th day of October next, on the premises, if fair, if not the first fair day ensuing,

THAT valuable and well known plantation whereon JOSEPH GALLOWAY lately resided, situate on West river, in Anne-Arundel county, containing about 980 acres of very valuable land, the situation high and healthy, commanding an extensive and beautiful view of Chesapeake Bay, West River, and Herring Bay, in a fine sporting country, and convenient to fine oysters, fish, and wild fowl; in their proper seasons; great part of the land is of the first quality, and lays level, with abundance of meadow ground, and a sufficiency of woodland, with care and attention, to supply the uses of a farm or farms. The title secure, and conveyance will be executed to the purchasers on payment of the purchase money. The land will be divided into one, two, and three lots, and will be sold the whole together, or in lots, as may suit the convenience of the purchasers, and on a credit of one, two, and three years.

JOHN GALLOWAY, } Trustees of
DAVID LYNN, } Joseph Galloway.

September 3, 1798.

The subscribers being appointed trustees, by the honourable the High Court of Chancery, for the purpose of selling and conveying so much of the real estate of the late deceased major-general SMALLWOOD as shall be necessary to discharge his debts, will SELL, on the premises, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Thursday, the eighteenth of October next, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,

THE land belonging to the estate of the said deceased, which lies in Frederick county, being part of MONOCACY MANOR; this land consists of between four and five hundred acres, is situate within eight miles of Frederick-town, and is equal in fertility of soil to any in Maryland; the buildings thereon are such as are necessary to the purposes of farmers in that part of the country, and the other advantages attending it fully equal to those of any land in the county.

The trustees will also sell, on the premises, on Thursday the 25th of the same month, that very excellent and beautifully situated farm in Charles county, lying immediately on the Patowmack river, and bounded on one side by the Chickamuxon creek; this land consists of five hundred and seventy-nine acres, lies about sixteen miles from Alexandria, and six from Dumfries, is very rich, abounds in timber and wood, and has the advantages of good water, and a very agreeable neighbourhood; the improvements thereon are such as are suitable to the purposes of a tenant. Each of the above parcels of land will be sold entire, or divided into lots, as may appear to the trustees best to answer the design of the sale, and the purchaser will be required to give bond, with security, for paying one half of the purchase money, with interest, within one year, and the residue, with interest, within two years from the time of sale.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
HENRY H. CHAPMAN.

P. S. All persons having claims against the said estate, who have not already made them known, are desired to exhibit them, with the vouchers thereof, to the chancellor, on or before the 25th of January next.

J. C.
H. H. C.

Charles county, September 10, 1798.

I WILL SELL, on reasonable terms, my farm near the city, called SANDGATE, with a part of TOD's RANGE, so as to run with the road, containing together 286 acres, the plot of which may be seen.

JAMES WILLIAMS.

Annapolis, September 12, 1798.

THE ANNAPOLIS RACES, for the JOCKEY CLUB, will commence on Tuesday the 30th of October next.

NOTICE.

IT being apprehended, that WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun. dec. late of George-town, in the county of Montgomery and state of Maryland, has not left personal property sufficient to satisfy the debts due by him, Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said William Deakins, jun.—that they do appear on the second monday in March next, being the 11th day of that month, at the UNION TAVERN in George-town aforesaid, with their claims against the deceased, properly authenticated, as the subscriber will at that time and place, or as soon thereafter as can be, proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased which have then come to his hands, among the creditors of the deceased, in the manner the law directs.

FRANCIS DEAKINS, Ex'r. of
WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun.

WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun. late of George-town in the county of Montgomery, and state of Maryland, having devised, a considerable part of his real estate in the State of Maryland to the subscriber, and it being apprehended that the same may not be sufficient to satisfy the debts due by the said William Deakins, his creditors are hereby requested and notified to appear on the second Monday in March next, being the 11th day of that month, at the Union tavern in George-town aforesaid, with their claims properly authenticated, that the subscriber may thereby be enabled to act in the distribution of the said real estate as the law directs.

FRANCIS DEAKINS, Devisee of
WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun.

George-town, August 31, 1798.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber takes this method to request those who are indebted to him by bond, note, or open account, to settle them with him on or before the first day of November next, as longer indulgence will not be given; those who neglect to comply with this request may depend that suits will be commenced against them without respect to persons, as no stock of patience is sufficient to the tardiness of the present day.

JAMES WEST.

Annapolis, September 12, 1798.

THE subscriber, a languishing prisoner, hereby gives notice, that he intends to petition the next general assembly for an act to relieve him from debts which he is unable to pay.

GEORGE C. SMOOT.

Charles county, September 3, 1798.

THIS is to give notice, I intend to petition the next general assembly of this state for the benefit of an act to relieve me of debts I am at present unable to pay.

JOHN R. BRYCE.

RAN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of speaking; took with him sundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslinet waistcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new small round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in the gaol of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater distance.

WILLIAM BROGDEN.

September 10, 1798.

COMMITTED to my custody as runaways, the two following negro men, one committed on August 7th, by the name of DAVY, who says that he is the property of Mr. BENJAMIN DARNALL, of Anne-Arundel county, he is about 56 or 57 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, and well made; his cloathing is 1 old white shirt, 1 osnabrig ditto, 2 pair of osnabrig trousers. The other committed on August 9th, by the name of WILLIAM BERBECK, and says he is a free man, was born in Antigua, and arrived in Baltimore in July last, in the schooner Jane, capt. John Robertson, he is about 22 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high; his cloathing is 1 sailor's jacket of blue cloth, trousers of the same, 1 white shirt, and 1 pair of ticklenburg trousers; and seems to talk in the French dialect, and commonly wears his wool plaited. Their owners are desired to come and take them away in two months from their several dates, or they will be sold for their prison fees and other expences, according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of
Anne-Arundel county.

August 22, 1798.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798.

Four Dollars Reward.

LOST, on Monday morning the 23d of July, a SILVER WATCH, No. 12296, made by HERVAF, London, she has a steel chain, with a seal, the stone of which is white, and a key, part of which is broke off, the hour and minute hands are of gold, the point of the minute hand is broke. Whoever has found the same, and will deliver it to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward.

THOMAS FOLKS.

Annapolis, August 1, 1798.

I HEREBY give notice, that I mean to petition the general assembly, at their next session, to allow me an annual support, as I am old and infirm, and unable to procure the necessaries of life.

MARY WILLIAMS.

Annapolis, August 8, 1798.

WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

To be RENTED,

And possession given immediately,

THAT beautiful situation, in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY HILL, it contains 175 acres of land, with a most excellent dwelling-house, offices, &c. For further particulars apply to RICHARD SPRIGG, West river, or

HUGH THOMPSON, Baltimore.

April 18, 1798. tf

Randall and Dobbin,

PROPRIETORS of HOPE MILLS, at the Head of Magothy river, are now ready to purchase wheat, corn, and rye, at the mills, or, for convenience to sellers, they will receive grain at Annapolis, where they mean to keep a constant supply of fresh superfine flour, corn meal, and bran for sale; they will always keep a quantity of grain ground at the mills to accommodate those who may come from a distance by water with grain to be ground.

They expect in a few days to have a neat assortment of wet and dry goods, which they will sell low for cash or produce.

Hope Mills, July 17, 1798.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.